

VITAMIN D TESTING ASSESSING VITAMIN D SUFFICIENCY IN YOUR PATIENTS



VITAMIN D TESTING

The Emerging Link Between Vitamin D Sufficiency and General Health or Disease Incidence

A Closer Look at the Mounting Research

For many years, clinicians have been aware that vitamin D sufficiency plays a critical role in bone remodeling; however, volumes of recent studies have shown that vitamin D also plays a key role in maintaining other aspects of overall health. Research confirms that adequate vitamin D is critical for normal cellular functions in other organ systems.

Studies have also revealed that higher levels of vitamin D are associated with reduced risk of certain malignancies, including: ¹⁻⁴

- Prostate cancer
- Endometrial cancer
- Skin cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Colorectal cancer

Vitamin D deficiency has been linked to increased risk of developing: ^{3,5}

- Autoimmune diseases
- Multiple sclerosis
- Type 1 diabetes

Deficiency has also been associated with: ^{3,6,7}

- Hypertension
- Cardiovascular disease

Vitamin D deficiency in pregnancy is associated with: ⁸

Increased odds of primary cesarean delivery

The Historic Link Between Vitamin D Sufficiency and Healthy Bone Structure

Vitamin D Classic Physiology

Providers have known that vitamin D sufficiency is important to calcium homeostasis and in the maintenance of healthy bone. Vitamin D stimulates the absorption of calcium and may also serve to increase calcium and phosphate resorption. Deficiency of vitamin D leads to the mobilization of calcium from bone, which can lead to osteoporosis, osteomalacia, and rickets.^{3,9}

It is estimated that up to 50% of apparently healthy children and young adults are vitamin D deficient.⁷ The prevalence of vitamin D deficiency in the US has been reported at 25% to 57% in adults.⁷

What risk factors contribute to vitamin D deficiency?^{3,9}

- Age: older adults are at increased risk
- Inadequate sun exposure
- Insufficient dietary intake of vitamin D
- Living at higher latitudes
- A dark complexion (increased skin pigmentation/highmelanin levels)
- Malabsorption syndromes, liver diseases and kidney disease



Rethinking Vitamin D Sufficiency: detection and treatment

Which Patients are Vitamin D Sufficient, Insufficient, or Deficient?

Assessing Vitamin D Levels

LabCorp offers DiaSorin's Vitamin D immunochemiluminometric (ICMA) assay for the assessment of vitamin D. The cleared DiaSorin Vitamin D assays have been used in major clinical studies where vitamin D is measured.¹⁰ The majority of seminal epidemiological studies, including the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) data base, the Women's Health Initiative (WHI) studies, and the Harvard-based Health Professionals Studies, employed DiaSorin reagents. The automated test measures both vitamin D₂ and D₃ together and reports a total 25-hydroxy vitamin D.

Maintaining Vitamin D Sufficiency

There are two sources of vitamin D: diet and exposure to sunlight. Energy from the sun converts a precursor in the skin to vitamin D_3 .^{3,9} Vitamin D levels can be increased by spending some time in the sun. The normal diet is very low in vitamin D. Most foods, with the exception of fatty fish oils, contain little vitamin D. Some recent studies have shown that vitamin D supplementation with D_3 may be more effective than supplementation with D_2 .¹¹ Vitamin D is available without prescription.

Testing provides the answers

DiaSorin Classification of 25-OH Vitamin D Status¹⁰

Deficiency	less than 10 ng/mL
Insufficiency	10-30 ng/mL
Sufficiency	30-100 ng/mL



Test Name	Test No.
Vitamin D, 25-Hydroxy	081950
Synonyms Cholecalciferol Meta	abolite; 25-Hydroxycalciferol; 25-OH-D; Vitamin D ₃ Metabolite
Special Instructions This is not	the same as calcitriol or 1,25 dihydroxy vitamin D ₃ . Calcitriol must be ordered separately.
Specimen Serum	
Volume 0.5 mL	
Minimum Volume 0.3 mL (Not	e: This volume does not allow for repeat testing.)
Container Red-top tube or gel-	barrier tube
Collection If tube other than a	gel-barrier tube is used, transfer separated serum to a plastic transport tube.
Storage Instructions Refrigera	te.
Stability Temperature	Period
Room temperature	7 days
Refrigerated	14 days
Frozen	14 days
Freeze/thaw cycles	Stable X3
Causes for Rejection Plasma sp	jecimen, gross hemolysis, gross lipemia
Reference Interval 30-100 ng/i	mL
Use Rule out vitamin D deficien	
Limitations Values of vitamin L) vary with exposure to sunlight. The assay measures other vitamin D metabolites, including
dihydroxylated metabolites su	ch as 24,25,25,26, and 1,25 dihydroxy vitamin D; however, since the physiological concentrations of these
metabolites are insignificant co	ompared to those of 25-hydroxy vitamin D, the accuracy in assessing vitamin D levels is not compromised.
Methodology Immunochemilu	iminometric assay (ICMA). This assay is performed on the DiaSorin LIAISON® instrument in multiple
laboratories throughout LabCo	Sp. This highly automated test measures both D_2 and D_3 together and reports a total 25-hydroxy vitamin
D. Major clinical studies, includ	ing (but not limited to) the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) National Health and Nutrition Examination
Survey (NHANES) data base, th	e Women's Health Initiative (WHI) studies, and the Harvard-based Health Professionals Studies, employed

laboratory in Calabasas, Calif. For ordering information, please contact your local representative.

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